

# NEWS RELEASE



**FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE**

**April 25, 2005**

**Contacts:**

*Analysts*

Jay Gould (614) 480-4060

Susan Stuart (614) 480-3878

*Media*

Jeri Grier-Ball (614) 480-5413

Ron Newman (614) 480-3077

**HUNTINGTON BANCSHARES REPORTS 2005 FIRST QUARTER RESULTS;  
REAFFIRMS 2005 EARNINGS PER SHARE GUIDANCE OF \$1.78-\$1.83;  
ANNOUNCES UPDATE ON SETTLEMENT DISCUSSIONS OF THE SEC  
INVESTIGATION;  
ANNOUNCES REACTIVATION OF SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM**

COLUMBUS, Ohio – Huntington Bancshares Incorporated (NASDAQ: HBAN; [www.huntington.com](http://www.huntington.com)) reported 2005 first quarter earnings of \$96.5 million, or \$0.41 per common share. This compares with \$104.2 million, or \$0.45 per common share, in the year-ago quarter and \$91.1 million, or \$0.39 per common share, in the 2004 fourth quarter.

“First quarter earnings per share performance was slightly below our expectations,” said Thomas E. Hoaglin, chairman, president, and chief executive officer. “We were pleased with loan and deposit growth, our stable net interest margin and expense performance but disappointed with the weakness in fee revenue and a significant commercial loan net charge-off. Nevertheless, there was sufficient progress in a number of key performance indicators that we are comfortable reaffirming our previous guidance for 2005.”

“Loan growth continued to be strong reflecting growth across all regions and loan categories, deposits increased, and we continued to add new customers. Average total loans and leases were 11% higher than in the year-ago quarter. Compared with the 2004 fourth quarter, average total loans and leases grew at a 14% annualized rate, reflecting 15% and 14% annualized growth in average total consumer and total commercial loans, respectively.”

“Average core deposits were 10% higher than a year ago,” he said. “Compared with the fourth quarter, average core deposits increased at a 3% annualized growth rate. A slow down in first quarter core deposit growth is typical due to seasonal factors. However, this quarter’s 3% linked quarter annualized increase compared very favorably to the 2% annualized decrease in the year-earlier quarter. Importantly, the number of our consumer demand deposit households and small business demand deposit relationships both continued their positive growth trends and were 3% and 9% higher than a year ago, respectively. It is particularly encouraging to see the

positive results of our improving sales culture.”

“We were very pleased with the relative stability of the net interest margin,” he continued, “as it declined only one basis point from the fourth quarter after taking into account the 6 basis point positive adjustment to the fourth quarter net interest margin. We now expect some improvement in our net interest margin over the rest of the year from the current quarter’s 3.31% level. This, along with continued loan growth will be key drivers of higher revenue in coming quarters.”

“Certain fee income categories declined from the prior period more than anticipated,” he noted. “Other income declined, reflecting soft equity markets which resulted in lower equity investment gains in the current quarter compared with the fourth quarter. In addition, both commercial and personal service charge income declined consistent with recent industry trends.”

“We continue to be pleased with overall credit quality performance,” he said. Although net charge-offs were higher in the first quarter due to a single middle market commercial credit charge-off, our non-performing assets declined, as expected, and were only \$73.3 million, or 0.30% of total loans and leases and other real estate at quarter-end, the lowest level in many years. Improvement in the economic outlook and a reduction in specific reserves due to charge-offs resulted in a decline in the allowance for loan and lease losses. In spite of this decline, the allowance strengthened in relation to the level of non-performing loans as our NPL coverage ratio increased to 441%, up from 424% at the end of the fourth quarter, and remains among the highest in our peer group.”

“Finally, our capital position continued to strengthen,” he concluded. “At March 31, 2005, our tangible common equity to risk-weighted assets was 7.92%, up from 7.86% at year-end.”

Significant 2005 first quarter performance highlights included:

- \$6.4 million after-tax (\$0.03 earnings per share) positive impact on net income reflecting the recognition of the effect of federal tax refunds on income tax expense. These federal tax refunds resulted from the ability to carry back federal tax losses to prior years.
- \$6.4 million pre-tax (\$0.02 earnings per share) unfavorable impact to provision expense, relating to a \$14.2 million middle market commercial charge-off, net of \$7.8 million of allocated reserves.
- \$2.0 million pre-tax (\$0.01 earnings per share) unfavorable impact from SEC and regulatory-related expenses.

Highlights compared with 2004 fourth quarter included:

- 4% growth (14% annualized) in average total loans and leases reflecting 4% growth (15% annualized) in consumer loans and 3% growth (14% annualized) in total commercial loans.
- 1% growth (3% annualized) in average total core deposits.
- 3.31% net interest margin, compared with 3.38% that included a 6 basis point positive impact from a funding cost adjustment.

- 0.47% annualized net charge-offs that included 24 basis points related to a single middle market commercial net charge-off, compared with 0.36%.
- 0.30% period-end non-performing asset (NPA) ratio, down from 0.46%.
- 1.09% period-end allowance for loan and lease losses (ALLL) ratio, down from 1.15%.
- 441% period-end ALLL to non-performing loan (NPL) ratio, up from 424%.
- 7.92% period-end tangible common equity to risk-weighted assets ratio, up from 7.86%.

Items specifically impacting earnings performance comparisons for the current and prior periods are highlighted in the following table.

**Significant Items Impacting Earnings Performance Comparisons**

Three Months Ended <i>(In millions, except per share)</i>	Impact <sup>(1)</sup>	
	Earnings <sup>(2)</sup>	EPS
<b><u>March 31, 2005 – GAAP earnings</u></b> <sup>(3)</sup>	<b>\$125.1</b>	<b>\$ 0.41</b>
• Federal tax loss carry back	6.4 <sup>(4)</sup>	0.03
• Single C&I charge-off impact, net of allocated reserves	(6.4)	(0.02)
• SEC and regulatory-related expenses	(2.0)	(0.01)
<b><u>December 31, 2004 – GAAP earnings</u></b>	<b>\$128.3</b>	<b>\$ 0.39</b>
• SEC-related expenses and accruals	(6.5)	(0.03)
• Property lease impairments	(7.8)	(0.02)
• Funding cost adjustment	3.7	0.01
<b><u>March 31, 2004 – GAAP earnings</u></b>	<b>\$139.1</b>	<b>\$ 0.45</b>
• Gain on sale of \$868 million of auto loans	9.0	0.03
• Mortgage servicing right (MSR) temporary impairment	(10.1)	(0.03)
• Investment securities gain on sale	15.1	0.04

(1) Favorable (unfavorable) impact on GAAP earnings

(2) Pre-tax unless otherwise noted

(3) Includes significant items with \$0.01 EPS impact or greater

(4) After-tax

**Discussion of Performance**

Fully taxable equivalent net interest income increased \$12.4 million, or 5%, from the year-ago quarter, reflecting the favorable impact of an 8% increase in average earning assets, partially offset by a 5 basis point, or an effective 1%, decline in the net interest margin. The fully taxable equivalent net interest margin decreased to 3.31% from 3.36% in the year-ago quarter. The decline from the year-ago quarter reflected the impact of the strategic repositioning of portfolios to reduce automobile loans and increase the relative proportion of lower-rate, lower-risk,

residential real estate-related loans.

Compared with the 2004 fourth quarter, fully taxable equivalent net interest income decreased \$3.9 million, or 2%, reflecting a 7 basis point decrease in the net interest margin to 3.31% from 3.38% in the 2004 fourth quarter, partially offset by the favorable impact of a 2% increase in average earning assets. As previously disclosed, the 2004 fourth quarter net interest margin reflected a favorable 6 basis point impact from a \$3.7 million funding cost adjustment.

Average total loans and leases increased \$2.4 billion, or 11%, from the 2004 first quarter due primarily to a \$1.5 billion, or 13%, increase in average consumer loans. Contributing to the consumer loan growth were a \$1.2 billion, or 47%, increase in average residential mortgages and a \$0.8 billion, or 20%, increase in average home equity loans.

Average total automobile loans declined \$1.0 billion, or 34%, from the year-ago quarter reflecting the sale of \$1.5 billion of automobile loans over this 12-month period as part of a strategy of reducing automobile loan and lease exposure as a percent of total credit exposure. Partially offsetting the decline in automobile loans was growth in direct financing leases due to the migration from operating lease assets, which have not been originated since April 2002. Average direct financing leases increased \$0.5 billion, or 24%, from the year-ago quarter.

Average total commercial loans were \$10.4 billion, up \$0.9 billion, or 9%, from the year-ago quarter. This increase reflected a \$0.4 billion, or 12%, increase in middle market commercial real estate loans and a \$0.3 billion, or 6%, increase in middle market commercial and industrial loans. Average small business loans, which include both commercial and industrial and commercial real estate loans, increased \$0.2 billion, or 11%, reflecting continued success in meeting the needs of this targeted segment.

Compared with the 2004 fourth quarter, average total loans and leases in the 2005 first quarter increased \$0.8 billion, or 4%. Average total consumer loans accounted for slightly more than half of this increase as they increased \$0.5 billion, or 4%, reflecting a \$0.2 billion, or 6%, increase in residential mortgages and a \$0.1 billion, or 2%, increase in average home equity loans. These sequential quarterly growth rates for both residential mortgages and home equity loans have generally trended lower over the last four quarters due to interest rates trending upward. In addition, average automobile loans and leases increased \$0.2 billion, or 4%, due to growth in automobile loans and, to a slightly lesser degree, growth in direct financing leases. Automobile loan production increased 20% from the 2004 fourth quarter, which had been the lowest production quarter in recent history, but was 25% below the year-ago quarter production. The lower overall automobile loan production reflected continued aggressive competition in this sector. Average total commercial loans increased \$0.4 billion, or 3%, led by a \$0.2 billion, or 5%, increase in middle market commercial and industrial loans, reflecting the continued growth in attracting targeted commercial clients, as well as higher utilization rates. Average middle market commercial real estate loans increased 3%, while small business loans increased 2%.

Average investment securities declined \$0.7 billion, or 15%, from the year-ago quarter but increased \$0.1 billion, or 2%, from the 2004 fourth quarter.

Average total core deposits in the first quarter were \$17.0 billion, up \$1.6 billion, or 10%, from the year-ago quarter, reflecting a \$1.3 billion, or 20%, increase in average interest bearing demand deposit accounts, and a \$0.3 billion, or 10%, increase in non-interest bearing deposits. Reflecting typical seasonal factors, average total core deposits increased \$0.1 billion, or 1%,

from the fourth quarter with interest bearing demand deposits, increasing \$0.3 billion, or 3%, and non-interest bearing deposits decreasing \$0.1 billion, or 3%. This linked quarter performance was better than in the comparable 2004 first quarter period when average total core deposits declined slightly.

Non-interest income decreased \$59.6 million, or 26%, from the year-ago quarter. Comparisons with prior-period results were heavily influenced by the decline in operating leases and related operating lease income. Since all automobile leases originated since April 2002 are direct financing leases, the decline in operating leases and related income is expected to continue such that the impact of operating lease income trends on total non-interest income trends is expected to be diminished meaningfully by year-end 2005. Reflecting the run-off of the operating lease portfolio, operating lease income declined \$42.1 million, or 47%, from the 2004 first quarter.

Excluding operating lease income, non-interest income decreased \$17.5 million, or 13%, from the year-ago quarter with the primary drivers being:

- \$14.1 million decline in investment securities gains with the current quarter reflecting only \$1.0 million of such gains, compared with \$15.1 million of such gains in the 2004 first quarter.
- \$9.0 million gain on sale of automobile loans in the year-ago quarter, with no such gains in the current quarter.
- \$8.2 million, or 32%, decline in other income primarily due to higher MSR hedge-related trading losses, lower investment banking income, and lower equity investment gains.
- \$2.4 million, or 6%, decline in service charges on deposit accounts with declines in commercial service charges and consumer service charges equally contributing to the decrease. Lower commercial service charges reflected a combination of lower activity and a preference by commercial customers to pay for services with higher compensating balances rather than fees as interest rates increase. The decline in consumer service charges primarily reflected lower personal NSF and overdraft service charges.
- \$2.2 million, or 14%, decline in brokerage and insurance income due to lower annuity sales.

Partially offset by:

- \$16.4 million increase in mortgage banking income primarily reflecting a \$3.8 million mortgage servicing rights (MSR) temporary impairment recovery in the current quarter compared with a \$10.1 million MSR temporary impairment in the year-ago quarter and higher net secondary marketing income.
- \$1.9 million, or 11%, increase in trust services due to higher personal trust and mutual fund fees.

Compared with the 2004 fourth quarter, non-interest income declined \$14.9 million, or 8%. This comparison was also heavily influenced by the decline in operating lease income for the reasons noted above. Reflecting the run-off of the operating lease portfolio, operating lease income declined \$8.4 million, or 15%, from the 2004 fourth quarter. Excluding operating lease

income, non-interest income decreased \$6.5 million, or 5%, from the 2004 fourth quarter with the primary drivers being:

- \$6.5 million, or 27%, decrease in other income primarily reflecting lower equity investment gains and lower investment banking income.
- \$2.3 million, or 6%, decrease in service charges on deposit accounts primarily reflecting seasonally lower personal NSF and overdraft service charges.
- \$1.1 million decline in investment securities gains with the current quarter reflecting only \$1.0 million of such gains, compared with \$2.1 million of such gains in the 2004 fourth quarter.

Partially offset by:

- \$3.2 million, or 37%, increase in mortgage banking income reflecting a \$3.8 million MSR temporary impairment recovery in the current quarter.
- \$0.9 million, or 5%, increase in trust income reflecting a 12% increase in Huntington Fund fees and 5% increase in personal trust income, partially offset by a 34% seasonal decline in corporate trust fees from the fourth quarter. The 2005 first quarter represented the sixth consecutive quarterly increase in trust income. Trust assets increased 2 percent from the end of last year.

Non-interest expense decreased \$27.4 million, or 10%, from the year-ago quarter. Comparisons with prior-period results were influenced by the decline in operating lease expense as the operating lease portfolio continues to run-off (see above operating lease income discussion). Operating lease expense declined \$32.8 million, or 46%, from the 2004 first quarter. Excluding operating lease expense, non-interest expense increased \$5.4 million, or 3%, from the year-ago quarter reflecting:

- \$2.5 million, or 15%, increase in net occupancy expense primarily reflecting a loss, caused by a refinancing penalty of a real estate partnership minority interest, as well as lower rental income.
- \$2.4 million, or 2%, increase in personnel costs due to higher salary and incentive plan expenses, partially offset by lower sales commissions.
- \$2.2 million, or 30%, increase in professional services expenses primarily reflecting SEC- and regulatory-related expenses.

Partially offset by:

- \$1.4 million, or 18%, decline in marketing expense.

Compared with the 2004 fourth quarter, non-interest expense decreased \$22.7 million, or 8%. Comparisons with prior-period results were also heavily influenced by the decline in operating lease expense. Operating lease expense declined \$10.4 million, or 21%, from the 2004 fourth quarter. Excluding operating lease expense, non-interest expense decreased \$12.4 million, or 5%, from the prior quarter reflecting:

- \$8.1 million, or 31%, decrease in other expense as the fourth quarter included a \$5.5 million SEC-related accrual.
- \$6.8 million, or 26%, decrease in net occupancy as the 2004 fourth quarter included \$7.8 million in property lease impairment and write-down on vacated facilities.

Partially offset by:

- \$1.2 million, or 1%, increase in personnel costs due to higher 2004 incentive plan expenses, partially offset by lower sales commissions.

The company's effective tax rate was 22.8% in 2005 first quarter, down from 25.1% in the year-ago quarter, and from 29.0% in the 2004 fourth quarter. The 2005 first quarter effective tax rate included the after-tax positive impact on net income due to a federal tax loss carry back, tax exempt income, bank owned life insurance, asset securitization activities, and general business credits from investment in low income housing and historic property partnerships. The lower effective tax rate is expected to impact each quarter of 2005. In 2006, the effective tax rate is anticipated to increase to a more typical rate slightly below 30%.

### Credit Quality

Total net charge-offs for the 2005 first quarter were \$28.3 million, or an annualized 0.47% of average total loans and leases. This was comparable to \$28.6 million, or 0.53%, in the year-ago quarter but represented an increase from \$20.9 million, or an annualized 0.36% of average total loans and leases in the 2004 fourth quarter. The current quarter included a single \$14.2 million middle market commercial charge-off related to a commercial leasing company with significant exposure to a service provider that declared bankruptcy. The 0.47% net charge-off ratio for average total loans and leases in the first quarter included 24 basis points related to this single credit.

Total commercial net charge-offs in the first quarter were \$16.2 million, or an annualized 0.62%, up from \$7.6 million, or an annualized 0.32%, in the year-ago quarter. As noted above, the current quarter included a \$14.2 million middle market commercial charge-off, which represented 54 basis points of the 0.62% total commercial net charge-off ratio. Total commercial net charge-offs in the 2004 fourth quarter were \$5.2 million, or an annualized 0.21%.

Total consumer net charge-offs in the current quarter were \$12.1 million, or an annualized 0.36% of related loans. This compared with \$21.0 million, or 0.70%, in the year-ago quarter with the decline from the year-ago quarter heavily influenced by lower automobile loan and lease net charge-offs. Total automobile loan and lease net charge-offs in the 2005 first quarter were \$6.2 million, or an annualized 0.56% of related loans and leases, down significantly from \$16.6 million, or an annualized 1.32%, in the year-ago quarter. The year-ago quarter included 37 basis points from a one-time \$4.7 million cumulative adjustment.

Compared with the 2004 fourth quarter, first quarter total consumer net charge-offs decreased \$3.7 million, primarily reflecting a \$1.4 million decrease in home equity loan net charge-offs and a \$1.3 million decrease in automobile loan and lease net charge-offs. Current quarter home equity loan net charge-offs were an annualized 0.35% of related loans, down from 0.48% in the fourth quarter, with automobile loan and lease net charge-offs of 0.56% declining from 0.70%.

NPAs were \$73.3 million at March 31, 2005, and represented only 0.30% of related assets, down \$18.4 million from \$91.7 million, or 0.43%, at the end of the year-ago quarter and down \$35.3 million from \$108.6 million, or 0.46%, at December 31, 2004. The decrease from the prior quarter reflected the expected first quarter sale of \$35.7 million of other real estate owned (OREO) properties related to the previously disclosed workout of a trouble mezzanine financing relationship. Residential real estate and home equity NPAs, which historically have demonstrated less potential for subsequent losses, comprised 41% of total NPAs.

Non-performing loans and leases (NPLs), which exclude OREO, were \$59.9 million at March 31, 2005, down 22% from \$77.1 million a year earlier and down 6% from the end of the fourth quarter. Expressed as a percent of total loans and leases, NPLs were only 0.25% at March 31, 2005, down from 0.36% at March 31, 2004, and 0.27% at December 31, 2004.

The over 90-day delinquent, but still accruing, ratio was 0.21% at March 31, 2005, down from 0.28% a year ago, and little changed from 0.23% at December 31, 2004.

### **Allowances for Credit Losses (ACL)**

The company maintains two reserves, both of which are available to absorb possible credit losses: the allowance for loan and lease losses (ALLL) and the allowance for unfunded loan commitments (AULC). When summed together, these reserves constitute the total allowances for credit losses (ACL).

The March 31, 2005, ALLL was \$264.4 million, down from \$295.4 million a year earlier and \$271.2 million at December 31, 2004. Expressed as a percent of period-end loans and leases, the ALLL ratio at March 31, 2005, was 1.09%, down from 1.39% a year ago and 1.15% at December 31, 2004. These declines reflected the improvement in the economic outlook, the change in the mix of the loan portfolio to lower-risk residential mortgages and home equity loans, and the reduction of specific reserves related to improved or resolved individual problem commercial credits. The table below shows the change in the ALLL ratio from the 2004 first quarter and 2004 fourth quarter.

Components of ALLL as percent of total loans and leases:

	<u>1Q05</u>	<u>4Q04</u>	<u>1Q04</u>	<u>1Q05 change from</u>	
				<u>4Q04</u>	<u>1Q04</u>
Transaction reserve	0.81%	0.78%	0.91%	0.03%	(0.10)%
Economic reserve	0.27	0.32	0.38	(0.05)	(0.11)
Specific reserve	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.05</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>(0.04)</u>	<u>(0.09)</u>
Total ALLL	1.09%	1.15%	1.39%	(0.06)%	(0.30)%

The ALLL as a percent of NPAs was 361% at March 31, 2005, up from 322% a year ago, and 250% at December 31, 2004.

The March 31, 2005, AULC was \$31.6 million, down slightly from \$32.1 million at the end of the year-ago quarter, and down from \$33.2 million at December 31, 2004.

On a combined basis, the ACL as a percent of total loans and leases was 1.22% at March 31, 2005, compared with 1.55% a year earlier and 1.29% at the end of last quarter. Similarly, the ACL as a percent of NPAs was 404% at March 31, 2005, up from 357% a year earlier and 280%

at December 31, 2004.

The provision for credit losses in the 2005 first quarter was \$19.9 million, a \$5.7 million reduction from the year-ago quarter, but a \$7.2 million increase from the 2004 fourth quarter. The reduction in provision expense from the year-ago quarter reflected overall improved portfolio quality performance and a stronger economic outlook, only partially offset by provision expense related to loan growth. The increase in provision expense from the fourth quarter primarily reflected an increase in the transaction reserve, due to loan growth, and higher net charge-offs net of allocated reserves, related to the middle market commercial charge-off noted above. This increase was partially offset by improvement in the economic outlook.

### **Capital**

At March 31, 2005, the tangible equity to assets ratio was 7.42%, up from 6.97% a year ago, and 7.18% at December 31, 2004. At March 31, 2005, the tangible equity to risk-weighted assets ratio was 7.92%, up from 7.60% at the end of the year-ago quarter, and 7.86% at December 31, 2004. The increase in the tangible equity to risk-weighted assets ratio reflected primarily the positive impact resulting from reducing the overall risk profile of earning assets throughout this period, most notably a less risky loan portfolio mix.

### **2005 Outlook**

“When earnings guidance is given, it is the company’s practice to do so on a GAAP basis, unless otherwise noted,” Hoaglin said. “Such guidance includes the expected results of all significant forecasted activities, but typically excludes unusual or one-time items until such time as the full impact becomes known.”

“We expect our earnings for the remainder of 2005 to increase sequentially over the next three quarters from the level reported in the first quarter resulting from good earning asset growth, an improving net interest margin, growth in selected fee income categories, stable to improving credit quality, and flat expenses excluding operating lease expense.”

“Reflecting these factors,” he said, “we confirm our earlier earnings per share guidance of \$1.78 - \$1.83 for 2005.”

The company noted that this guidance excludes any impact of future SEC-related expenses and any share repurchases. Earnings guidance also excludes any impact from the implementation of FAS 123R (expensing of stock options). In the 2005 first quarter, new guidance was issued by the SEC that provides the option to postpone adoption of FAS 123R until January 1, 2006. Consequently, the company did not adopt FAS 123R in the 2005 first quarter and now anticipates adopting this standard in 2006.

To the extent the impacts of these items become known, they will be disclosed and reflected in future earnings guidance. In addition, the company has departed slightly from providing this guidance on a strictly GAAP basis solely to exclude any future benefit from the first quarter federal tax loss carry back discussed above as this impacts only 2005 performance, and because offsetting impacts may occur later in the year from possible balance sheet restructurings and/or expense initiatives currently under review.

### **Management Appointments**

During the 2005 first quarter, two new management team members were added. Melinda Ackerman, formerly head of human resources with American Electric Power (AEP), joined Huntington as executive vice president and human resources director. Mahesh Sankaran, formerly treasurer with Compass Bancshares Inc., joined the company as executive vice president and treasurer. Both Ackerman and Sankaran report directly to Hoaglin and are members of the Management Committee. In addition, Jerry Kelsheimer was appointed president of the Northern Ohio region where, prior to this appointment, he served as executive vice president and Northern Ohio regional commercial manager.

### **Proposed Settlement of SEC Formal Investigation**

Huntington also announced that it has proposed a settlement to the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") regarding the resolution of its previously announced formal investigation into certain financial accounting matters relating to fiscal years 2002 and earlier and certain related disclosure matters, and that the staff has agreed to recommend the proposed settlement offer to the Commission. The proposed settlement, which is subject to approval by the SEC, is expected to involve the entry of an order requiring Huntington; its chief executive officer, Thomas E. Hoaglin; its former vice chairman and chief financial officer, Michael J. McMennamin; and its former controller, John Van Fleet, to comply with various provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Securities Act of 1933. The proposed settlement would call for the payment of a \$7.5 million civil money penalty by the company, which, if approved, would be distributed pursuant to the Fair Fund provisions of Section 308(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. This civil money penalty would have no current period financial impact on Huntington's results, as reserves for this amount were established and expensed prior to December 31, 2004. The proposed settlement would also require the disgorgement of \$360,000 by Hoaglin in respect of his previously paid 2002 annual bonus, and disgorgement of previously paid bonuses and prejudgment interest for McMennamin and Van Fleet of \$265,215 and \$26,660, respectively. In addition, Hoaglin, McMennamin, and Van Fleet would pay civil money penalties of \$50,000; \$75,000; and \$25,000; respectively. The proposed settlement would also impose certain other relief with respect to McMennamin and Van Fleet.

The resolution of the SEC investigation is separate and distinct from the formal banking regulatory written agreements announced March 1, 2005 with the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, which remain in effect until terminated by the banking regulators. The company believes it continues to make progress in working towards a comprehensive resolution of all of the issues outlined in its regulatory agreements.

Commenting on behalf of the Board of Directors, Don M. Casto, chairman of the Executive Committee said, "The Board of Directors at Huntington have reviewed all actions taken to date by Huntington in its efforts to address fully the concerns of the SEC and our banking regulators and are pleased with the work being done. We reiterate our support for Mr. Hoaglin and the management team as the company moves forward to implement best practices in all areas underlying these actions."

Hoaglin stated, "From the beginning of the formal investigation in 2003, we stated our commitment to reach an appropriate resolution of these matters. We are committed to meeting the highest standards in our accounting, corporate governance, internal audit, and financial

reporting policies and practices. We believe we can achieve these goals while remaining focused on excelling in our efforts to grow our businesses and serve our customers.”

### **Reactivates Share Repurchase Program**

As of March 31, 2005, the company had unused authority to repurchase up to 7.5 million common shares under an April 27, 2004, share repurchase authorization. Huntington today announced that it intends to reactivate its share repurchase program upon approval by the Commission of the proposed settlement offer to resolve the formal investigation. It expects to repurchase these shares from time-to-time in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions depending on market conditions.

### **Conference Call / Webcast Information**

Huntington’s senior management will host an earnings conference call today at 1:00 p.m. (Eastern Time). The call may be accessed via a live Internet webcast at [huntington-ir.com](http://huntington-ir.com) or through a dial-in telephone number at 866-835-8907. Slides will be available at [huntington-ir.com](http://huntington-ir.com) just prior to 1:00 p.m. (Eastern Time) today for review during the call. A replay of the webcast will be archived in the Investor Relations section of Huntington’s web site [huntington-ir.com](http://huntington-ir.com). A telephone replay will be available two hours after the completion of the call through May 9, 2005 at 888-266-2081; conference ID 678167.

### **Forward-looking Statement**

This press release contains certain forward-looking statements, including certain plans, expectations, goals, and projections, which are subject to numerous assumptions, risks, and uncertainties. A number of factors, including but not limited to those set forth under the heading "Business Risks" included in Item 1 of Huntington's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, and other factors described from time to time in Huntington's other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, could cause actual conditions, events, or results to differ significantly from those described in the forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements included in this news release are based on information available at the time of the release. Huntington assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement.

### **Basis of Presentation**

#### **Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

This earnings release contains GAAP financial measures and non-GAAP financial measures where management believes it to be helpful in understanding Huntington’s results of operations or financial position. Where non-GAAP financial measures are used, the comparable GAAP financial measure, as well as the reconciliation to the comparable GAAP financial measure, can be found in the Quarterly Financial Review supplement to this earnings release, which can be found on Huntington’s website at [huntington-ir.com](http://huntington-ir.com).

#### **Annualized data**

Certain returns, yields, performance ratios, or quarterly growth rates are “annualized” in this presentation to represent an annual time period. This is done for analytical and decision-making purposes to better discern underlying performance trends when compared to full-year or year-over-year amounts. For example, loan growth rates are most often expressed in terms of an annual rate like 8%. As such, a 2% growth rate for a quarter would represent an annualized 8% growth rate.

#### **Fully taxable equivalent interest income and net interest margin**

Income from tax-exempt earnings assets is increased by an amount equivalent to the taxes that would have been paid if this income had been taxable at statutory rates. This adjustment puts all earning assets, most notably tax-exempt municipal securities and certain lease assets, on a common basis that facilitates comparison of results to results of competitors.

#### **Earnings per share equivalent data**

Significant one-time income or expense items may be expressed on a per common share basis. This is done for analytical and decision-making purposes to better discern underlying trends in total corporate earnings per share

performance excluding the impact of such items. Investors may also find this information helpful in their evaluation of the company's financial performance against published earnings per share mean estimate amounts, which typically exclude the impact of significant one-time items. Earnings per share equivalents are usually calculated by applying a 35% effective tax rate to a pre-tax amount to derive an after-tax amount, which is divided by the average shares outstanding during the respective reporting period. Occasionally, when the item involves special tax treatment, the after-tax amount is separately disclosed, with this then being the amount used to calculate the earnings per share equivalent.

#### NM or nm

Percent changes of 100% or more are shown as "nm" or "not meaningful". Such large percent changes typically reflect the impact of one-time items within the measured periods. Since the primary purpose of showing a percent change is for discerning underlying performance trends, such large percent changes are "not meaningful" for this purpose.

#### **About Huntington**

Huntington Bancshares Incorporated is a \$32 billion regional bank holding company headquartered in Columbus, Ohio. Through its affiliated companies, Huntington has more than 139 years of serving the financial needs of its customers. Huntington provides innovative retail and commercial financial products and services through more than 300 regional banking offices in Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio and West Virginia. Huntington also offers retail and commercial financial services online at [huntington.com](http://huntington.com); through its technologically advanced, 24-hour telephone bank; and through its network of approximately 700 ATMs. Selected financial service activities are also conducted in other states including: Dealer Sales offices in Florida, Georgia, Tennessee, Pennsylvania, and Arizona; Private Financial Group offices in Florida; and Mortgage Banking offices in Florida, Maryland, and New Jersey. International banking services are made available through the headquarters office in Columbus and an office located in the Cayman Islands and an office located in Hong Kong.

###

# HUNTINGTON BANCSHARES INCORPORATED

## Quarterly Key Statistics

(Unaudited)

(in thousands of dollars, except per share amounts)	2005	2004		Percent Change	
	First	Fourth	First	4Q04	1Q04
Net interest income	\$ 235,198	\$ 239,068	\$ 222,685	(1.6) %	5.6 %
Provision for loan and lease losses	19,874	12,654	25,596	57.1	(22.4)
Non-interest income	168,050	182,940	227,639	(8.1)	(26.2)
Non-interest expense	258,277	281,014	285,654	(8.1)	(9.6)
Income before income taxes	125,097	128,340	139,074	(2.5)	(10.1)
Provision for income taxes	28,578	37,201	34,901	(23.2)	(18.1)
Net Income	\$ 96,519	\$ 91,139	\$ 104,173	5.9 %	(7.3) %
Net income per common share - diluted	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.45	5.1	(8.9)
Cash dividends declared per common share	0.200	0.200	0.175	---	14.3
Book value per common share at end of period	11.16	10.96	10.31	1.9	8.3
Average common shares - basic	231,824	231,147	229,227	0.3	1.1
Average common shares - diluted	235,053	235,502	232,915	(0.2)	0.9
Return on average assets	1.20 %	1.13 %	1.36 %		
Return on average shareholders' equity	15.5	14.6	18.4		
Net interest margin <sup>(1)</sup>	3.31	3.38	3.36		
Efficiency ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	63.7	66.4	65.1		
Effective tax rate	22.8	29.0	25.1		
Average loans and leases	\$ 23,856,482	\$ 23,032,173	\$ 21,502,390	3.6 %	10.9 %
Average loans and leases - linked quarter annualized growth rate.	14.3 %	15.1 %	1.8 %		
Average earning assets	29,128,027	28,506,464	26,978,873	2.2	8.0
Average core deposits <sup>(3)</sup>	17,043,436	16,908,269	15,481,110	0.8	10.1
Average core deposits - linked quarter annualized growth rate <sup>(3)</sup>	3.2 %	9.7 %	(1.6) %		
Average total assets	\$ 32,581,040	\$ 32,060,518	\$ 30,835,373	1.6	5.7
Average shareholders' equity	2,527,168	2,481,373	2,278,400	1.8	10.9
Total assets at end of period	\$ 32,182,599	\$ 32,565,497	\$ 31,039,080	(1.2)	3.7
Total shareholders' equity at end of period	2,589,773	2,537,638	2,364,179	2.1	9.5
Net charge-offs (NCOs)	\$ 28,272	\$ 20,913	\$ 28,627	35.2	(1.2)
NCOs as a % of average loans and leases	0.47 %	0.36 %	0.53 %		
Non-performing loans and leases (NPLs)	\$ 59,893	\$ 63,962	\$ 77,127	(6.4)	(22.3)
Non-performing assets (NPAs)	73,303	108,568	91,694	(32.5)	(20.1)
NPAs as a % of total loans and leases and other real estate (OREO)	0.30 %	0.46 %	0.43 %		
Allowance for loan and lease losses (ALLL) as a % of total loans and leases at the end of period	1.09	1.15	1.39		
ALLL plus allowance for unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit as a % of total loans and leases at the end of period	1.22	1.29	1.55		
ALLL as a % of NPLs	441	424	383		
ALLL as a % of NPAs	361	250	322		
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio <sup>(4)</sup>	9.17	9.08	8.74		
Total risk-based capital ratio <sup>(4)</sup>	12.50	12.48	12.13		
Tier 1 leverage ratio <sup>(4)</sup>	8.48	8.42	8.07		
Average equity / assets	7.76	7.74	7.39		
Tangible equity / assets <sup>(5)</sup>	7.42	7.18	6.97		

N.M., not a meaningful value.

<sup>(1)</sup> On a fully taxable equivalent (FTE) basis assuming a 35% tax rate.

<sup>(2)</sup> Non-interest expense less amortization of intangibles (\$0.2 million for all periods above) divided by the sum of FTE net interest income and non-interest income excluding securities gains (losses).

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes non-interest bearing and interest bearing demand deposits, savings deposits, retail CDs and other domestic time deposits.

<sup>(4)</sup> Estimated at March 31, 2005.

<sup>(5)</sup> At end of period. Tangible equity (total equity less intangible assets) divided by tangible assets (total assets less intangible assets).

**HUNTINGTON BANCSHARES INCORPORATED**  
**Quarterly Financial Review**  
**March 2005**

---

**Table of Contents**

Consolidated Balance Sheets	1
Credit Exposure Composition	2
Deposit Composition	3
Consolidated Quarterly Average Balance Sheets	4
Consolidated Quarterly Net Interest Margin Analysis	5
Selected Quarterly Income Statement Data	6
Quarterly Credit Reserves	7
Quarterly Net Charge-Off Analysis	8
Quarterly Non-Performing Assets and Past Due Loans and Leases	9
Quarterly Stock Summary, Capital, and Other Data	10
Quarterly Operating Lease Performance	11

**Note:**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

## Huntington Bancshares Incorporated Consolidated Balance Sheets

	2005		2004		Change March '05 vs '04	
	March 31, (Unaudited)		December 31,	March 31, (Unaudited)	Amount	Percent
<i>(in thousands of dollars, except per share amounts)</i>						
<b>Assets</b>						
Cash and due from banks	\$	914,699	\$ 877,320	\$ 766,432	\$ 148,267	19.3 %
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under resale agreements		144,980	628,040	224,841	(79,861)	(35.5)
Interest bearing deposits in banks		29,551	22,398	54,027	(24,476)	(45.3)
Trading account securities		100,135	309,630	16,410	83,725	N.M.
Loans held for sale		252,932	223,469	230,417	22,515	9.8
Investment securities		4,052,875	4,238,945	5,458,347	(1,405,472)	(25.7)
Loans and leases <sup>(1)</sup>		24,206,465	23,560,277	21,193,627	3,012,838	14.2
Allowance for loan and lease losses		(264,390)	(271,211)	(295,377)	30,987	(10.5)
<b>Net loans and leases</b>		<b>23,942,075</b>	<b>23,289,066</b>	<b>20,898,250</b>	<b>3,043,825</b>	<b>14.6</b>
Operating lease assets		466,550	587,310	1,070,958	(604,408)	(56.4)
Bank owned life insurance		973,164	963,059	938,156	35,008	3.7
Premises and equipment		354,979	355,115	351,073	3,906	1.1
Goodwill and other intangible assets		217,780	215,807	216,805	975	0.4
Customers' acceptance liability		7,194	11,299	7,909	(715)	(9.0)
Accrued income and other assets		725,685	844,039	805,455	(79,770)	(9.9)
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>32,182,599</b>	<b>\$ 32,565,497</b>	<b>\$ 31,039,080</b>	<b>\$ 1,143,519</b>	<b>3.7 %</b>
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>						
<b>Liabilities</b>						
Deposits <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	21,770,973	\$ 20,768,161	\$ 18,988,846	\$ 2,782,127	14.7 %
Short-term borrowings		1,033,496	1,207,233	1,076,302	(42,806)	(4.0)
Federal Home Loan Bank advances		903,871	1,271,088	1,273,000	(369,129)	(29.0)
Other long-term debt		3,138,626	4,016,004	4,478,599	(1,339,973)	(29.9)
Subordinated notes		1,025,612	1,039,793	1,066,705	(41,093)	(3.9)
Allowance for unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit		31,610	33,187	32,089	(479)	(1.5)
Bank acceptances outstanding		7,194	11,299	7,909	(715)	(9.0)
Deferred federal income tax liability		781,152	783,628	687,820	93,332	13.6
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		900,292	897,466	1,063,631	(163,339)	(15.4)
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<b>29,592,826</b>	<b>30,027,859</b>	<b>28,674,901</b>	<b>917,925</b>	<b>3.2</b>
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>						
Preferred stock - authorized 6,617,808 shares; none outstanding		---	---	---	---	---
Common stock - without par value; authorized 500,000,000 shares; issued 257,866,255 shares; outstanding 232,002,213; 231,605,281 and 229,410,043 shares, respectively.		2,484,832	2,484,204	2,482,342	2,490	0.1
Less 25,864,042; 26,260,974 and 28,456,212 treasury shares, respectively		(490,139)	(499,259)	(541,048)	50,909	(9.4)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(18,686)	(10,903)	21,490	(40,176)	N.M.
Retained earnings		613,766	563,596	401,395	212,371	52.9
<b>Total Shareholders' Equity</b>		<b>2,589,773</b>	<b>2,537,638</b>	<b>2,364,179</b>	<b>225,594</b>	<b>9.5</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>32,182,599</b>	<b>\$ 32,565,497</b>	<b>\$ 31,039,080</b>	<b>\$ 1,143,519</b>	<b>3.7 %</b>

N.M., not a meaningful value.

<sup>(1)</sup> See Page 2 for detail of Loans and Leases.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Page 3 for detail of Deposits.

**Huntington Bancshares Incorporated**  
**Credit Exposure Composition**

<i>(in thousands of dollars)</i>	2005			2004				Change	
	March 31,			December 31,		March 31,		March '05 vs '04	
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>					<i>(Unaudited)</i>		Amount	Percent
<b>By Type</b>									
Commercial:									
Middle market commercial and industrial	\$ 4,824,403	19.6 %	\$ 4,660,141	19.3 %	\$ 4,545,930	20.4 %	\$ 278,473	6.1 %	
Construction	1,647,999	6.7	1,592,125	6.6	1,282,420	5.8	365,579	28.5	
Commercial	1,913,849	7.8	1,881,835	7.8	1,934,777	8.7	(20,928)	(1.1)	
Middle market commercial real estate	3,561,848	14.5	3,473,960	14.4	3,217,197	14.5	344,651	10.7	
Small business commercial and industrial and commercial real estate	2,204,278	8.9	2,168,877	8.9	1,988,818	8.9	215,460	10.8	
<b>Total commercial</b>	<b>10,590,529</b>	<b>43.0</b>	<b>10,302,978</b>	<b>42.6</b>	<b>9,751,945</b>	<b>43.8</b>	<b>838,584</b>	<b>8.6</b>	
Consumer:									
Automobile loans	2,066,264	8.4	1,948,667	8.1	2,267,310	10.2	(201,046)	(8.9)	
Automobile leases	2,476,098	10.0	2,443,455	10.1	2,065,883	9.3	410,215	19.9	
Home equity	4,594,586	18.6	4,554,540	18.9	3,920,882	17.6	673,704	17.2	
Residential mortgage	3,995,769	16.2	3,829,234	15.9	2,756,625	12.4	1,239,144	45.0	
Other loans	483,219	1.9	481,403	2.0	430,982	1.8	52,237	12.1	
<b>Total consumer</b>	<b>13,615,936</b>	<b>55.1</b>	<b>13,257,299</b>	<b>55.0</b>	<b>11,441,682</b>	<b>51.3</b>	<b>2,174,254</b>	<b>19.0</b>	
<b>Total loans and direct financing leases</b>	<b>\$ 24,206,465</b>	<b>98.1</b>	<b>\$ 23,560,277</b>	<b>97.6</b>	<b>\$ 21,193,627</b>	<b>95.1</b>	<b>\$ 3,012,838</b>	<b>14.2</b>	
Operating lease assets	466,550	1.9	587,310	2.4	1,070,958	4.8	(604,408)	(56.4)	
Securitized loans	---	---	---	---	27,573	0.1	(27,573)	N.M.	
<b>Total credit exposure</b>	<b>\$ 24,673,015</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 24,147,587</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 22,292,158</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 2,380,857</b>	<b>10.7 %</b>	
<b>Total automobile exposure <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 5,008,912</b>	<b>20.3 %</b>	<b>\$ 4,979,432</b>	<b>20.6 %</b>	<b>\$ 5,431,724</b>	<b>24.4 %</b>	<b>\$ (422,812)</b>	<b>(7.8) %</b>	
<b>By Business Segment <sup>(2)</sup></b>									
Regional banking:									
Central Ohio	\$ 6,410,873	26.0 %	\$ 6,239,021	25.8 %	\$ 4,986,411	22.4 %	\$ 1,424,462	28.6 %	
Northern Ohio	2,910,071	11.8	2,857,746	11.8	2,682,743	12.0	227,328	8.5	
Southern Ohio / Kentucky	2,023,243	8.2	1,895,180	7.8	1,703,006	7.6	320,237	18.8	
West Michigan	2,335,578	9.5	2,271,682	9.4	2,154,994	9.7	180,584	8.4	
East Michigan	1,475,868	6.0	1,430,169	5.9	1,340,679	6.0	135,189	10.1	
West Virginia	887,239	3.6	882,016	3.7	809,714	3.6	77,525	9.6	
Indiana	997,052	4.0	961,700	4.0	752,850	3.4	244,202	32.4	
Regional banking	17,039,924	69.1	16,537,514	68.4	14,430,397	64.7	2,609,527	18.1	
Dealer Sales	5,955,634	24.1	5,920,270	24.5	6,396,727	28.7	(441,093)	(6.9)	
Private Financial Group	1,496,408	6.1	1,487,800	6.2	1,322,259	5.9	174,149	13.2	
Treasury / Other	181,049	0.7	202,003	0.9	142,775	0.7	38,274	26.8	
<b>Total credit exposure</b>	<b>\$ 24,673,015</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 24,147,587</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 22,292,158</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 2,380,857</b>	<b>10.7 %</b>	

<sup>(1)</sup> Sum of automobile loans and leases, operating lease assets, and securitized loans.

<sup>(2)</sup> Prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period business segment structure.

## Huntington Bancshares Incorporated

### Deposit Composition

(in thousands of dollars)	2005		2004				Change	
	March 31,		December 31,		March 31,		March '05 vs '04	
	(Unaudited)				(Unaudited)		Amount	Percent
<b>By Type</b>								
Non-interest bearing demand deposits	\$ 3,186,187	14.6 %	\$ 3,392,123	16.3 %	\$ 2,918,380	15.4 %	\$ 267,807	9.2 %
Interest bearing demand deposits	7,848,458	36.1	7,786,377	37.5	6,866,174	36.2	982,284	14.3
Savings and other domestic time deposits	3,460,633	15.9	3,502,552	16.9	3,609,745	19.0	(149,112)	(4.1)
Retail certificates of deposit	2,555,241	11.7	2,466,965	11.9	2,394,940	12.6	160,301	6.7
<b>Total core deposits</b>	<b>17,050,519</b>	<b>78.3</b>	<b>17,148,017</b>	<b>82.6</b>	<b>15,789,239</b>	<b>83.2</b>	<b>1,261,280</b>	<b>8.0</b>
Domestic time deposits of \$100,000 or more	1,311,495	6.0	1,081,660	5.2	791,320	4.2	520,175	65.7
Brokered time deposits and negotiable CDs	3,007,124	13.8	2,097,537	10.1	1,941,963	10.2	1,065,161	54.8
Foreign time deposits	401,835	1.9	440,947	2.1	466,324	2.4	(64,489)	(13.8)
<b>Total deposits</b>	<b>\$ 21,770,973</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 20,768,161</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 18,988,846</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 2,782,127</b>	<b>14.7 %</b>
Total core deposits:								
Commercial	\$ 5,218,482	30.6 %	\$ 5,293,666	30.9 %	\$ 4,611,258	29.2 %	\$ 607,224	13.2 %
Personal	11,832,037	69.4	11,854,351	69.1	11,177,981	70.8	654,056	5.9
<b>Total core deposits</b>	<b>\$ 17,050,519</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 17,148,017</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 15,789,239</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 1,261,280</b>	<b>8.0 %</b>
<b>By Business Segment <sup>(1)</sup></b>								
Regional banking:								
Central Ohio	\$ 4,748,903	21.8 %	\$ 4,705,721	22.7 %	\$ 4,389,011	23.1 %	\$ 359,892	8.2 %
Northern Ohio	3,929,993	18.1	4,068,385	19.6	3,508,376	18.5	421,617	12.0
Southern Ohio / Kentucky	1,774,229	8.1	1,742,353	8.4	1,475,506	7.8	298,723	20.2
West Michigan	2,685,054	12.3	2,643,510	12.7	2,608,967	13.7	76,087	2.9
East Michigan	2,298,679	10.6	2,222,191	10.7	2,025,914	10.7	272,765	13.5
West Virginia	1,368,763	6.3	1,375,151	6.6	1,291,913	6.8	76,850	5.9
Indiana	717,877	3.3	663,927	3.2	637,090	3.4	80,787	12.7
Regional banking	17,523,498	80.5	17,421,238	83.9	15,936,777	84.0	1,586,721	10.0
Dealer Sales	69,046	0.3	74,969	0.4	76,031	0.4	(6,985)	(9.2)
Private Financial Group	1,139,139	5.2	1,176,303	5.7	1,060,639	5.6	78,500	7.4
Treasury / Other <sup>(2)</sup>	3,039,290	14.0	2,095,651	10.0	1,915,399	10.0	1,123,891	58.7
<b>Total deposits</b>	<b>\$ 21,770,973</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 20,768,161</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 18,988,846</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 2,782,127</b>	<b>14.7 %</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period business segment structure.

<sup>(2)</sup> Comprised largely of brokered deposits and negotiable CDs.

# Huntington Bancshares Incorporated

## Consolidated Quarterly Average Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

Fully Taxable Equivalent basis (in millions of dollars)	Average Balances					Change IQ05 vs IQ04	
	2005 First	Fourth	Third	Second	First	Amount	Percent
<b>Assets</b>							
Interest bearing deposits in banks	\$ 53	\$ 60	\$ 55	\$ 69	\$ 79	\$ (26)	(32.9) %
Trading account securities	200	228	148	28	16	184	N.M.
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under resale agreements	475	695	318	168	92	383	N.M.
Loans held for sale	203	229	283	254	207	(4)	(1.9)
Investment securities:							
Taxable	3,932	3,858	4,340	4,861	4,646	(714)	(15.4)
Tax-exempt	409	404	398	410	437	(28)	(6.4)
Total investment securities	4,341	4,262	4,738	5,271	5,083	(742)	(14.6)
Loans and leases:							
Commercial:							
Middle market commercial and industrial	4,710	4,503	4,298	4,555	4,440	270	6.1
Construction	1,642	1,577	1,514	1,272	1,276	366	28.7
Commercial	1,883	1,852	1,913	1,919	1,873	10	0.5
Middle market commercial real estate	3,525	3,429	3,427	3,191	3,149	376	11.9
Small business commercial and industrial and commercial real estate	2,183	2,136	2,081	2,018	1,974	209	10.6
Total commercial	10,418	10,068	9,806	9,764	9,563	855	8.9
Consumer:							
Automobile loans	2,008	1,913	1,857	2,337	3,041	(1,033)	(34.0)
Automobile leases	2,461	2,388	2,250	2,139	1,988	473	23.8
Automobile loans and leases	4,469	4,301	4,107	4,476	5,029	(560)	(11.1)
Home equity	4,570	4,489	4,337	4,107	3,810	760	19.9
Residential mortgage	3,919	3,695	3,484	2,986	2,674	1,245	46.6
Other loans	480	479	461	434	426	54	12.7
Total consumer	13,438	12,964	12,389	12,003	11,939	1,499	12.6
Total loans and leases	23,856	23,032	22,195	21,767	21,502	2,354	10.9
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(282)	(283)	(288)	(310)	(313)	31	9.9
Net loans and leases	23,574	22,749	21,907	21,457	21,189	2,385	11.3
Total earning assets	29,128	28,506	27,737	27,557	26,979	2,149	8.0
Operating lease assets	529	648	800	977	1,166	(637)	(54.6)
Cash and due from banks	909	880	928	772	740	169	22.8
Intangible assets	218	216	216	216	217	1	0.5
All other assets	2,079	2,094	2,066	2,101	2,046	33	1.6
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 32,581</b>	<b>\$ 32,061</b>	<b>\$ 31,459</b>	<b>\$ 31,313</b>	<b>\$ 30,835</b>	<b>\$ 1,746</b>	<b>5.7 %</b>
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>							
Deposits:							
Non-interest bearing demand deposits	\$ 3,314	\$ 3,401	\$ 3,276	\$ 3,223	\$ 3,017	\$ 297	9.8 %
Interest bearing demand deposits	7,925	7,658	7,384	7,168	6,609	1,316	19.9
Savings and other domestic time deposits	3,309	3,395	3,436	3,439	3,456	(147)	(4.3)
Retail certificates of deposit	2,496	2,454	2,414	2,400	2,399	97	4.0
Total core deposits	17,044	16,908	16,510	16,230	15,481	1,563	10.1
Domestic time deposits of \$100,000 or more	1,249	990	886	795	788	461	58.5
Brokered time deposits and negotiable CDs	2,728	1,948	1,755	1,737	1,907	821	43.1
Foreign time deposits	442	465	476	542	549	(107)	(19.5)
Total deposits	21,463	20,311	19,627	19,304	18,725	2,738	14.6
Short-term borrowings	1,179	1,302	1,342	1,396	1,603	(424)	(26.5)
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	1,196	1,270	1,270	1,270	1,273	(77)	(6.0)
Subordinated notes and other long-term debt	4,517	5,099	5,244	5,623	5,557	(1,040)	(18.7)
Total interest bearing liabilities	25,041	24,581	24,207	24,370	24,141	900	3.7
All other liabilities	1,699	1,598	1,564	1,397	1,399	300	21.4
Shareholders' equity	2,527	2,481	2,412	2,323	2,278	249	10.9
<b>Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>	<b>\$ 32,581</b>	<b>\$ 32,061</b>	<b>\$ 31,459</b>	<b>\$ 31,313</b>	<b>\$ 30,835</b>	<b>\$ 1,746</b>	<b>5.7 %</b>

N.M., not a meaningful value.

## Huntington Bancshares Incorporated

### Consolidated Quarterly Net Interest Margin Analysis

(Unaudited)

	2005	Average Rates <sup>(2)</sup>			
		2004			
Fully Taxable Equivalent basis <sup>(1)</sup>	First	Fourth	Third	Second	First
<b>Assets</b>					
Interest bearing deposits in banks	1.88 %	1.61 %	0.91 %	1.05 %	0.71 %
Trading account securities	4.14	4.15	4.44	3.02	3.98
Federal funds sold and securities purchased					
under resale agreements	2.36	1.99	1.53	1.21	1.41
Loans held for sale	5.55	5.69	5.25	5.17	5.33
Investment securities:					
Taxable	3.87	3.77	3.83	3.83	4.06
Tax-exempt	6.73	6.89	7.06	7.07	6.88
Total investment securities	4.14	4.07	4.10	4.09	4.30
Loans and leases:					
Commercial:					
Middle market commercial and industrial	5.02	4.80	4.46	4.05	4.33
Construction	5.13	4.65	4.13	3.73	3.68
Commercial	5.15	4.80	4.45	4.20	4.31
Middle market commercial real estate	5.14	4.73	4.31	4.02	4.05
Small business commercial and industrial and commercial real estate	5.81	5.67	5.45	5.33	5.46
Total commercial	5.23	4.96	4.62	4.30	4.47
Consumer:					
Automobile loans	6.83	7.31	7.65	7.20	6.93
Automobile leases	4.92	5.00	5.02	5.06	4.94
Automobile loans and leases	5.78	6.02	6.21	6.17	6.14
Home equity	5.60	5.30	4.84	4.75	4.69
Residential mortgage	5.55	5.53	5.48	5.40	5.51
Other loans	6.42	6.87	6.54	6.21	5.83
Total consumer	5.67	5.66	5.54	5.49	5.52
Total loans and leases	5.48	5.34	5.12	4.95	5.04
<b>Total earning assets</b>	<b>5.21 %</b>	<b>5.05 %</b>	<b>4.89 %</b>	<b>4.76 %</b>	<b>4.89 %</b>
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>					
Deposits:					
Non-interest bearing demand deposits	--- %	--- %	--- %	--- %	--- %
Interest bearing demand deposits	1.45	1.21	1.06	0.94	0.88
Savings and other domestic time deposits	1.27	1.26	1.24	1.23	1.41
Retail certificates of deposit	3.43	3.38	3.32	3.27	3.47
Total core deposits	1.76	1.62	1.52	1.45	1.53
Domestic time deposits of \$100,000 or more	2.92	2.51	2.40	2.37	2.14
Brokered time deposits and negotiable CDs	2.80	2.26	1.84	1.57	1.51
Foreign time deposits	1.41	0.98	0.83	0.76	0.72
Total deposits	1.99	1.73	1.58	1.48	1.53
Short-term borrowings	1.66	1.17	0.92	0.80	0.83
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	2.90	2.68	2.60	2.52	2.50
Subordinated notes and other long-term debt	3.39	2.67	2.62	2.24	2.33
<b>Total interest bearing liabilities</b>	<b>2.27 %</b>	<b>1.94 %</b>	<b>1.82 %</b>	<b>1.66 %</b>	<b>1.71 %</b>
Net interest rate spread	2.94 %	3.11 %	3.07 %	3.10 %	3.18 %
Impact of non-interest bearing funds on margin	0.37	0.27	0.23	0.19	0.18
<b>Net interest margin</b>	<b>3.31 %</b>	<b>3.38 %</b>	<b>3.30 %</b>	<b>3.29 %</b>	<b>3.36 %</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Fully taxable equivalent(FTE) yields are calculated assuming a 35% tax rate. See page 6 for the FTE adjustment.

<sup>(2)</sup> Loan, lease, and deposit average rates include impact of applicable derivatives and non-deferrable fees.

**Huntington Bancshares Incorporated**  
**Selected Quarterly Income Statement Data**

(Unaudited)

(in thousands of dollars, except per share amounts)	2005	2004				1Q05 vs 1Q04	
	First	Fourth	Third	Second	First	Amount	Percent
Interest income	\$ 376,105	\$ 359,215	\$ 338,002	\$ 324,167	\$ 325,931	\$ 50,174	15.4 %
Interest expense	140,907	120,147	110,944	101,604	103,246	37,661	36.5
Net interest income	235,198	239,068	227,058	222,563	222,685	12,513	5.6
Provision for credit losses	19,874	12,654	11,785	5,027	25,596	(5,722)	(22.4)
<b>Net interest income after provision for credit losses</b>	<b>215,324</b>	<b>226,414</b>	<b>215,273</b>	<b>217,536</b>	<b>197,089</b>	<b>18,235</b>	<b>9.3</b>
Operating lease income	46,732	55,106	64,412	78,706	88,867	(42,135)	(47.4)
Service charges on deposit accounts	39,418	41,747	43,935	43,596	41,837	(2,419)	(5.8)
Trust services	18,196	17,315	17,064	16,708	16,323	1,873	11.5
Brokerage and insurance income	13,026	12,879	13,200	13,523	15,197	(2,171)	(14.3)
Bank owned life insurance income	10,104	10,484	10,019	11,309	10,485	(381)	(3.6)
Other service charges and fees	10,159	10,617	10,799	10,645	9,513	646	6.8
Mortgage banking	12,061	8,822	4,448	23,322	(4,296)	16,357	N.M.
Securities gains (losses)	957	2,100	7,803	(9,230)	15,090	(14,133)	(93.7)
Gain on sales of automobile loans	---	---	312	4,890	9,004	(9,004)	N.M.
Other income	17,397	23,870	17,899	24,659	25,619	(8,222)	(32.1)
<b>Total non-interest income</b>	<b>168,050</b>	<b>182,940</b>	<b>189,891</b>	<b>218,128</b>	<b>227,639</b>	<b>(59,589)</b>	<b>(26.2)</b>
Personnel costs	123,981	122,738	121,729	119,715	121,624	2,357	1.9
Operating lease expense	37,948	48,320	54,885	62,563	70,710	(32,762)	(46.3)
Net occupancy	19,242	26,082	16,838	16,258	16,763	2,479	14.8
Outside data processing and other services	18,770	18,563	17,527	17,563	18,462	308	1.7
Equipment	15,863	15,733	15,295	16,228	16,086	(223)	(1.4)
Professional services	9,459	9,522	12,219	7,836	7,299	2,160	29.6
Marketing	6,454	5,581	5,000	8,069	7,839	(1,385)	(17.7)
Telecommunications	4,882	4,596	5,359	4,638	5,194	(312)	(6.0)
Printing and supplies	3,094	3,148	3,201	3,098	3,016	78	2.6
Amortization of intangibles	204	205	204	204	204	---	---
Restructuring reserve releases	---	---	(1,151)	---	---	---	---
Other expense	18,380	26,526	22,317	25,981	18,457	(77)	(0.4)
<b>Total non-interest expense</b>	<b>258,277</b>	<b>281,014</b>	<b>273,423</b>	<b>282,153</b>	<b>285,654</b>	<b>(27,377)</b>	<b>(9.6)</b>
Income before income taxes	125,097	128,340	131,741	153,511	139,074	(13,977)	(10.1)
Provision for income taxes	28,578	37,201	38,255	43,384	34,901	(6,323)	(18.1)
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 96,519</b>	<b>\$ 91,139</b>	<b>\$ 93,486</b>	<b>\$ 110,127</b>	<b>\$ 104,173</b>	<b>\$ (7,654)</b>	<b>(7.3) %</b>
Average common shares - diluted	235,053	235,502	234,348	232,659	232,915	2,138	0.9 %
<b>Per common share</b>							
Net income - diluted	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.45	\$ (0.04)	(8.9)
Cash dividends declared	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.175	0.175	0.025	14.3
Return on average total assets	1.20 %	1.13 %	1.18 %	1.41 %	1.36 %	(0.16) %	(11.8)
Return on average total shareholders' equity	15.5	14.6	15.4	19.1	18.4	(2.9)	(15.8)
Net interest margin <sup>(1)</sup>	3.31	3.38	3.30	3.29	3.36	(0.05)	(1.5)
Efficiency ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	63.7	66.4	66.3	62.3	65.1	(1.4)	(2.2)
Effective tax rate	22.8	29.0	29.0	28.3	25.1	(2.3)	(9.2)
<b>Revenue - fully taxable equivalent (FTE)</b>							
Net interest income	\$ 235,198	\$ 239,068	\$ 227,058	\$ 222,563	\$ 222,685	\$ 12,513	5.6
FTE adjustment <sup>(1)</sup>	2,861	2,847	2,864	2,919	3,023	(162)	(5.4)
Net interest income	238,059	241,915	229,922	225,482	225,708	12,351	5.5
Non-interest income	168,050	182,940	189,891	218,128	227,639	(59,589)	(26.2)
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>\$ 406,109</b>	<b>\$ 424,855</b>	<b>\$ 419,813</b>	<b>\$ 443,610</b>	<b>\$ 453,347</b>	<b>\$ (47,238)</b>	<b>(10.4) %</b>

N.M., not a meaningful value.

<sup>(1)</sup> On a fully taxable equivalent (FTE) basis assuming a 35% tax rate.

<sup>(2)</sup> Non-interest expense less amortization of intangibles divided by the sum of FTE net interest income and non-interest income excluding securities gains (losses).

**Huntington Bancshares Incorporated**  
**Quarterly Credit Reserves Analysis**  
*(Unaudited)*

<i>(in thousands of dollars)</i>	2005	2004			
	First	Fourth	Third	Second	First
<b>Allowance for loan and leases losses, beginning of period</b>	<b>\$ 271,211</b>	\$ 282,650	\$ 286,935	\$ 295,377	\$ 299,732
Loan and lease losses	(37,213)	(31,737)	(26,366)	(30,845)	(37,167)
Recoveries of loans previously charged off	8,941	10,824	9,886	18,330	8,540
Net loan and lease losses	(28,272)	(20,913)	(16,480)	(12,515)	(28,627)
Provision for loan and lease losses	21,451	9,474	12,971	5,923	29,029
Allowance of assets sold and securitized	---	---	(776)	(1,850)	(4,757)
<b>Allowance for loan and lease losses, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 264,390</b>	\$ 271,211	\$ 282,650	\$ 286,935	\$ 295,377
<b>Allowance for unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit, beginning of period</b>	<b>\$ 33,187</b>	\$ 30,007	\$ 31,193	\$ 32,089	\$ 35,522
Provision for unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit losses	(1,577)	3,180	(1,186)	(896)	(3,433)
<b>Allowance for unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 31,610</b>	\$ 33,187	\$ 30,007	\$ 31,193	\$ 32,089
<b>Total allowances for credit losses</b>	<b>\$ 296,000</b>	\$ 304,398	\$ 312,657	\$ 318,128	\$ 327,466
<b>Allowance for loan and lease losses (ALLL) as % of:</b>					
Transaction reserve	0.81	0.78	0.84	0.86	0.91
Economic reserve	0.27	0.32	0.33	0.36	0.38
Specific reserve	0.01	0.05	0.08	0.10	0.10
Total loans and leases	1.09 %	1.15 %	1.25 %	1.32 %	1.39 %
Non-performing loans and leases (NPLs)	441	424	417	464	383
Non-performing assets (NPAs)	361	250	351	384	322
<b>Total allowances for credit losses (ACL) as % of:</b>					
Total loans and leases	1.22 %	1.29 %	1.38 %	1.46 %	1.55 %
Non-performing loans and leases	494	476	461	515	425
Non-performing assets	404	280	389	426	357

**Huntington Bancshares Incorporated**  
**Quarterly Net Charge-Off Analysis**  
*(Unaudited)*

	2005	2004			
<i>(in thousands of dollars)</i>	First	Fourth	Third	Second	First
<b>Net charge-offs by loan and lease type:</b>					
Commercial:					
Middle market commercial and industrial	\$ 14,092	\$ 1,239	\$ (102)	\$ (3,642)	\$ 4,425
Construction	(51)	704	(19)	276	1,504
Commercial	(152)	1,834	1,490	2,222	(40)
Middle market commercial real estate	(203)	2,538	1,471	2,498	1,464
Small business commercial and industrial and commercial real estate	2,283	1,386	1,195	1,281	1,704
Total commercial	16,172	5,163	2,564	137	7,593
Consumer:					
Automobile loans	3,216	4,406	5,142	5,604	13,422
Automobile leases	3,014	3,104	2,415	2,159	3,159
Automobile loans and leases	6,230	7,510	7,557	7,763	16,581
Home equity	3,963	5,346	4,259	2,569	2,900
Residential mortgage	439	608	534	302	316
Other loans	1,468	2,286	1,566	1,744	1,237
Total consumer	12,100	15,750	13,916	12,378	21,034
<b>Total net charge-offs</b>	<b>\$ 28,272</b>	<b>\$ 20,913</b>	<b>\$ 16,480</b>	<b>\$ 12,515</b>	<b>\$ 28,627</b>
<b>Net charge-offs - annualized percentages:</b>					
Commercial:					
Middle market commercial and industrial	1.20 %	0.11 %	(0.01) %	(0.32) %	0.40 %
Construction	(0.01)	0.18	(0.01)	0.09	0.47
Commercial	(0.03)	0.40	0.31	0.46	(0.01)
Middle market commercial real estate	(0.02)	0.30	0.17	0.31	0.19
Small business commercial and industrial and commercial real estate	0.42	0.26	0.23	0.25	0.35
Total commercial	0.62	0.21	0.10	0.01	0.32
Consumer:					
Automobile loans	0.64	0.92	1.11	0.96	1.77
Automobile leases	0.49	0.52	0.43	0.40	0.64
Automobile loans and leases	0.56	0.70	0.74	0.69	1.32
Home equity	0.35	0.48	0.39	0.25	0.30
Residential mortgage	0.04	0.07	0.06	0.04	0.05
Other loans	1.22	1.91	1.36	1.62	1.17
Total consumer	0.36	0.49	0.45	0.41	0.70
<b>Net charge-offs as a % of average loans</b>	<b>0.47 %</b>	<b>0.36 %</b>	<b>0.30 %</b>	<b>0.23 %</b>	<b>0.53 %</b>

## Huntington Bancshares Incorporated

### Quarterly Non-Performing Assets and Past Due Loans and Leases

(Unaudited)

(in thousands of dollars)	2005	2004			
	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,
<b>Non-accrual loans and leases:</b>					
Middle market commercial and industrial	\$ 16,993	\$ 24,179	\$ 20,098	\$ 24,336	\$ 36,854
Middle market commercial real estate	6,682	4,582	14,717	11,122	16,097
Small business commercial and industrial and commercial real estate	16,387	14,601	12,087	12,368	12,124
Residential mortgage	12,498	13,545	13,197	13,952	12,052
Home equity <sup>(1)</sup>	7,333	7,055	7,685	---	---
<b>Total non-performing loans and leases</b>	<b>59,893</b>	<b>63,962</b>	<b>67,784</b>	<b>61,778</b>	<b>77,127</b>
<b>Other real estate, net:</b>					
Residential	10,571	8,762	8,840	8,851	9,132
Commercial <sup>(2)</sup>	2,839	35,844	3,852	4,067	5,435
<b>Total other real estate, net</b>	<b>13,410</b>	<b>44,606</b>	<b>12,692</b>	<b>12,918</b>	<b>14,567</b>
<b>Total non-performing assets</b>	<b>\$ 73,303</b>	<b>\$ 108,568</b>	<b>\$ 80,476</b>	<b>\$ 74,696</b>	<b>\$ 91,694</b>
Non-performing loans and leases as a % of total loans and leases	0.25 %	0.27 %	0.30 %	0.28 %	0.36 %
Non-performing assets as a % of total loans and leases and other real estate	0.30	0.46	0.36	0.34	0.43
Accruing loans and leases past due 90 days or more <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 50,086	\$ 54,283	\$ 53,456	\$ 51,490	\$ 59,697
Accruing loans and leases past due 90 days or more as a percent of total loans and leases	0.21 %	0.23 %	0.24 %	0.24 %	0.28 %

(in thousands of dollars)	2005	2004			
	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,
<b>Non-performing assets, beginning of period</b>	<b>\$ 108,568</b>	<b>\$ 80,476</b>	<b>\$ 74,696</b>	<b>\$ 91,694</b>	<b>\$ 87,386</b>
New non-performing assets <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	33,607	61,684	22,740	25,727	27,208
Returns to accruing status	(3,838)	(2,248)	---	(1,493)	(54)
Loan and lease losses	(17,281)	(8,578)	(5,424)	(12,872)	(10,463)
Payments	(10,404)	(8,829)	(10,202)	(13,571)	(10,717)
Sales	(37,349)	(13,937)	(1,334)	(14,789)	(1,666)
<b>Non-performing assets, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 73,303</b>	<b>\$ 108,568</b>	<b>\$ 80,476</b>	<b>\$ 74,696</b>	<b>\$ 91,694</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> As of September 30, 2004, the Company adopted a policy, consistent with its policy for residential mortgage loans, of placing home equity loans and lines on nonaccrual status when they become greater than 180 days past due. In prior quarters, these balances were included in "Accruing loans and leases past due 90 days or more."

<sup>(2)</sup> At December 31, 2004, other real estate owned included \$35.7 million of properties that relate to the work-out of \$5.9 million of mezzanine loans. These properties were subject to \$29.8 million of non-recourse debt to another financial institution. Both properties were sold in the first quarter of 2005.

## Huntington Bancshares Incorporated

### Quarterly Stock Summary, Capital, and Other Data

(Unaudited)

#### Quarterly common stock summary

(in thousands of dollars, except per share amounts)	2005	2004			
	First	Fourth	Third	Second	First
<b>Common stock price, per share</b>					
High <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 24.780	\$ 25.380	\$ 25.150	\$ 23.120	\$ 23.780
Low <sup>(1)</sup>	22.150	23.110	22.700	20.890	21.000
Close	23.900	24.740	24.910	22.980	22.030
Average closing price	23.216	24.241	24.105	22.050	22.501
<b>Dividends, per share</b>					
Cash dividends declared on common stock	\$ 0.200	\$ 0.200	\$ 0.200	\$ 0.175	\$ 0.175
<b>Common shares outstanding</b>					
Average - basic	231,824	231,147	229,848	229,429	229,227
Average - diluted	235,053	235,502	234,348	232,659	232,915
Ending	232,002	231,605	230,153	229,476	229,410
Book value per share	\$ 11.16	\$ 10.96	\$ 10.69	\$ 10.40	\$ 10.31
<b>Common share repurchase program</b>					
Number of shares repurchased	---	---	---	---	---

#### Capital adequacy

(in thousands of dollars)	2005	2004			
	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,
Total risk-adjusted assets <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 29,947,075	\$ 29,542,401	\$ 28,679,142	\$ 28,415,519	\$ 28,247,258
Tier 1 leverage ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	8.48 %	8.42 %	8.36 %	8.20 %	8.07 %
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	9.17	9.08	9.10	8.98	8.74
Total risk-based capital ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	12.50	12.48	12.53	12.56	12.13
Tangible equity / asset ratio	7.42	7.18	7.11	6.95	6.97
Tangible equity / risk-weighted assets ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	7.92	7.86	7.83	7.64	7.60
Average equity / average assets	7.76	7.74	7.67	7.42	7.39
<b>Other data</b>					
Number of employees (full-time equivalent)	7,813	7,812	7,906	8,045	7,915
Number of domestic full-service banking offices <sup>(3)</sup>	343	342	341	341	337

<sup>(1)</sup> High and low stock prices are intra-day quotes obtained from NASDAQ.

<sup>(2)</sup> First quarter 2005 figures are estimated.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes three Private Financial Group offices in Florida.

**Huntington Bancshares Incorporated**  
**Quarterly Operating Lease Performance**

(Unaudited)

(in thousands of dollars)	2005	2004				1Q05 vs 1Q04	
	First	Fourth	Third	Second	First	Amount	Percent
<b>Balance Sheet:</b>							
Average operating lease assets outstanding	\$ 529,245	\$ 647,970	\$ 800,145	\$ 976,626	\$ 1,166,146	\$ (636,901)	(54.6) %
<b>Income Statement:</b>							
Net rental income	\$ 43,554	\$ 51,016	\$ 60,267	\$ 72,402	\$ 83,517	\$ (39,963)	(47.9) %
Fees	1,857	2,111	2,965	4,838	3,543	(1,686)	(47.6)
Recoveries - early terminations	1,321	1,979	1,180	1,466	1,807	(486)	(26.9)
<b>Total operating lease income</b>	<b>46,732</b>	<b>55,106</b>	<b>64,412</b>	<b>78,706</b>	<b>88,867</b>	<b>(42,135)</b>	<b>(47.4)</b>
Depreciation and residual losses at termination	34,703	45,293	49,917	57,412	63,823	(29,120)	(45.6)
Losses - early terminations	3,245	3,027	4,968	5,151	6,887	(3,642)	(52.9)
<b>Total operating lease expense</b>	<b>37,948</b>	<b>48,320</b>	<b>54,885</b>	<b>62,563</b>	<b>70,710</b>	<b>(32,762)</b>	<b>(46.3)</b>
<b>Net earnings contribution</b>	<b>\$ 8,784</b>	<b>\$ 6,786</b>	<b>\$ 9,527</b>	<b>\$ 16,143</b>	<b>\$ 18,157</b>	<b>\$ (9,373)</b>	<b>(51.6) %</b>
Earnings ratios <sup>(1)</sup>							
Net rental income	32.9 %	31.5 %	30.1 %	29.7 %	28.6 %	4.3 %	15.0 %
Depreciation and residual losses at termination	26.2	28.0	25.0	23.5	21.9	4.3	19.6

Definition of term(s):

Net rental income includes the lease payments earned on the equipment and vehicles that Huntington leases to its customers under operating leases. Fees include late fees, early payment fees and other non-origination fees. Recoveries represent payments received on a cash basis subsequent to a customer's default on an operating lease and a recognition of an impairment loss on the lease. Depreciation represents the periodic depreciation of equipment and vehicles to their residual value owned by Huntington under operating leases and any accelerated depreciation where Huntington expects to receive less than the residual value from the sale of the vehicle and from insurance proceeds at the end of the lease term. Losses represent impairments recognized on equipment and vehicles where the lessee has defaulted on the operating lease.

<sup>(1)</sup> As a percent of average operating lease assets, quarterly and year-to-date amounts annualized.